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## Abstract

## **Posters**

## NEUROLOGICAL AND NEUROPSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS: OTHER

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## Relationship Between Mental Health and Physical Health and Neurocognitive Function among Latinx People Living With HIV

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Objective: The relationship between self-reported mental health (MH), physical health (PH), and neurocognition (NC) is vastly understudied among Latinx people living with HIV (PLWH). Evidence of increased somatization in this group suggests that self-reported MH and PH may contextualize cognitive outcomes among Latinx PLWH. Thus, this study examines the relationship between self-reported MH/PH and NC in a sample of Latinx PLWH. Method: This study included 76 Latinx PLWH (33% female; M age = 46.0, SD = 7.08) who completed the Medical Outcomes Study HIV Health Survey (MOS-HIV) and a comprehensive neurocognitive battery. MH and PH were defined by the MOS-HIV, where higher MH and PH summary scores indicate better perceived health. Demographically-corrected T-scores were used to compute average global NC and domain scores. Results: Within Latinx PLWH, partial correlations controlling for age and education found PH was associated with better processing speed (r = .28, p = .03), and MH was related to better global NC, fluency, learning, and processing speed (ps < .05). A series of multiple regressions (Step 1: age, education, Step 2: MH, PH summary scores) were used to predict NC domain scores. MH (R2 = .11-.15) significantly predicted better attention/working memory ( $\beta$  = .26, p = .03) and global NC at the trend level ( $\beta$  = .19, p = .07). PH did not predict any NC domains. Conclusions: Findings indicate that MH and PH correlated with global and domain-specific NC within Latinx PLWH. Better self-reported MH may improve attention/working memory and global NC in Latinx PLWH. Somatization is important when considering MH/PH and cognition within Latinx PLWH; physicians should consider the impact of patients' self-reported MH/PH on NC in Latinx PLWH.