## **Predicting Academic Difficulty Among Physical Therapist Students**

## Supplemental Table 3.

Logistic Regression Odds and Decision Rule for Academic Difficulty, Program C<sup>a</sup>

Predictor	β	SE β	Wald $\chi^2$	df	P	Odds Ratio (95% CI)
uGPA 3.10 or lower	1.335	0.438	9.290	1	.002	3.801 (1.611-8.972)
qGRE 500 or lower	1.045	0.426	6.010	1	.014	2.843 (1.233-6.557)
Constant	-2.871	0.387	54.906	1		
Test			χ²	df	P	
Overall model fit						
Likelihood ratio test			17.799	2	<.001	
Goodness-of-fit tests						
Hosmer and Lemeshow			1.247	2	.536	
Nagelkerke r <sup>2</sup>	0.148					
Decision Rule						
+1.5 points for uGPA o	f 3.10 or lower,	+1.0 for qGRl	E of 500 or lower			
			N. DICC. I.			

Score	No Difficulty Percentage (95% CI)	Difficulty Percentage (95% CI)
0 or 1	92.8 (88.3-97.3)	7.2 (2.7-11.7)
1.5 or 2.5	75.6 (66.3-84.9)	24.2 (15.1-33.7)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>sigma}$  Sample size not reported to maintain anonymity of the program. SE=standard error, CI=confidence interval, uGPA=undergraduate grade point average, qGRE=quantitative Graduate Record Examination score.