Tg epitopes recognized by the assays.

In conclusion, USC Endocrine Services and Esoterix, Inc. provide highly correlated Tg results. The results from USC tend to be higher, especially at concentrations >5 μg/L, with both laboratories providing reliable measurements. Samples from the same patient should be followed with the same assay.

Deborah Cameron helped with the statistical analysis. L.F.M. received funding for this project from a Student Fellowship Award from the Educational and Research Foundation of the Society of Nuclear Medicine and the Boris Catz Endocrine Fellowship. Glenn D. Braunstein serves as a consultant for Esoterix, Inc. Endocrinology.

References

Lilah F. Morris1
Alan D. Waxman2
Glenn D. Braunstein*1

Departments of 1 Medicine and 2 Nuclear Medicine
Cedars-Sinai Medical Center
UCLA School of Medicine
Los Angeles, CA 90048

*Address correspondence to this author at: Department of Medicine, Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, 8700 Beverly Blvd., Suite 2119, Los Angeles, CA 90048. Fax 310-423-0437; e-mail braunstein@cshs.org.

Correction

In the article entitled “Determination of Coumarin-type Anticoagulants in Human Plasma by HPLC–Electrospray Ionization Tandem Mass Spectrometry with an Ion Trap Detector” by M. Kollroser and C. Schober (Clin Chem 2002;48:84–91), the phrase “phenylpropyl ring” in line 2 of the second column on page 90 should read “phenyl ring”. In addition, the proposed product ion structures in Fig. 2 were incorrectly drawn. The correct structures are shown below. The authors thank Douwe de Boer for pointing out these errors.

Correct structures for Fig. 2.
Correct structure for panels A, B, and D is shown on the left; correct structure for panel C is shown on the right.